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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/047,326	01/14/2002	Onur G. Guleryuz	AP121TP	7104	
20178 7	7590 02/20/2004		EXAMI	INER	
EPSON RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT INC INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPT 150 RIVER OAKS PARKWAY, SUITE 225			CHEN, P	CHEN, PO WEI	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SAN JOSE, C.			2676		
			DATE MAILED: 02/20/2004	·	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
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Office Action Summary	10/047,326	GULERYUZ ET AL.				
Cinica nous Cummuny	Examiner	Art Unit				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Po-Wei (Dennis) Chen	2676				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a re within the statutory minimum of thirty will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <i>Nove</i>	mber 28, 2003.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-10,12-18 and 20-24</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-10,12-18 and 20-24</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08))/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

In response to an Amendment received on November 28, 2003. This action is final.

Claims 1-2, 4-10, 12-18 and 20-24 are pending in this application. Claims 1, 9 and 17 are independent claims.

The present title of the invention is "Fast Text/Graphics Resolution Improvement with Chain-Code Table Look-Up".

The Group Art Unit of the Examiner case is now 2676. Please use the proper Art Unit number to help us serve you better.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 8-9, 16-17 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Overton (US 5,537,495) in view of McCann et al. (US 4,777,651; refer to as McCann herein).
- 3. Regarding claim 1, Overton discloses a pixel correction and smoothing method comprising:

A method for improving resolution of a digital representation having a plurality of text or graphics pixels (lines 16-29 of column 2 and lines 50-52 of column 4);

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Rendering the parameterized and smoothed boundary segment to improve the resolution of the text or graphics object. (lines 19-56 of column 2 and lines 21-39 of column 8 and Fig. 2-3).

Overton does not disclose identifying a pixel on a boundary of object of the digital representation; and for each pixel identified as on the boundary, tracing a group of pixels, including the initial boundary identified pixel, that constitute a local boundary segment and constructing a chain-code indicative of the number and relative locations of the pixels of that local boundary segment, parameterizing and smoothing that local boundary segment, resulting in a new local boundary segment; accessing instructions stored in a look-up table for parameterizing and smoothing that local boundary segment using the constructed chain-code as an index to the look-up table. McCann discloses a method picture coding system utilizing the method (lines 34-39 of column 2, lines 11-51 of column 6, lines 8-21 of column 8, lines 3-8 of column 19 and lines 18-24 of column 20 and Tables I and II and Fig. 3-4 and 10-14; it is noted that each edge or boundary contour is being identified using chain-code with starting pixel and ending pixel. And each chain code indicates the number and relative locations of the pixels of that boundary contour (lines 18-24 of column 20). Also, chain-code is used as an index to the look-up table with operations instructions such as smoothing to determine a new value for the pixels, thus corresponds to new contour. While claim recites parameterizing segment, the term is broad enough to include the process where the contour being represented by window pixel data (lines 11-51 of column 6)).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to substitute the image smoothing process of McCann for the image smoothing process of Overton

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because McCann teaches that such image smoothing process will provide a totally automated image process system that is neither expensive or slow (lines 37-40 and lines 53-56 of column 1).

- 4. Regarding claims 8, 16 and 24, statements presented above, with respect to claim 1 are incorporated.
- 5. Regarding claims 9 and 17, statements presented above, with respect to claim 1 are incorporated.
- 6. Claims 2, 4-5, 10, 12-13, 18 and 20-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Overton (US 5,537,495) and McCann (US 4,777,651; refer to as McCann herein) as applied to claims 1, 9 and 17 above, and further in view of Ohta (US 5,448,692).
- Regarding claim 2, the combination of Overton and McCann does not disclose the tracing step comprises searching and identifying each new pixel in the group with respect to a background neighbor pixel that is propagated from a penultimate-identified pixel to a just-identified pixel.

Ohta discloses a digital image processing device utilize the method (lines 49-68 of column 9 and lines 1-29 of column 10 and Fig. 15-17; surrounding white pixel corresponds to background neighbor pixel and the tracing is done by shifting from previous identified pixel to the pixel just been found). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to substitute the contour tracing with chain code of Ohta for the contour tracing with chain code of McCann because Ohta teaches that such contour tracing would provide the advantage of effecting digital image processing with a desired area without damaging the image (lines 56-60 of column 1, Ohta).

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8. Regarding claim 4, the combination of Overton and McCann does not disclose the tracing step comprises identifying first and second contiguous sub-groups of pixels, each starting with the initial pixel and extending in first and second directions respectively relative to propagated background neighbor pixel and, if available, a just-identified pixel in that sub-group to construct the chain-code.

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Ohta discloses a digital image processing device utilize the method (lines 35-68 of column 9 and lines 1-29 of column 10 and Fig. 15-17). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to substitute the contour tracing with chain code of Ohta for the contour tracing with chain code of McCann because Ohta teaches that such contour tracing would provide the advantage of effecting digital image processing with a desired area without damaging the image (lines 56-60 of column 1, Ohta).

- 9. Regarding claim 5, as statement presented above, with respect to claim 4 are incorporated. Also, it is noted that depending on inner or outer contour, the tracing direction is different and 8 pixels, which surround the starting pixel, are traced and assigned with chain code in accordance with the pre-determined set of rules such as traces inner or outer contour lines depending on the tracing directions.
- Regarding claims 10, 12-13, 18 and 20-21, statements presented above, with respect to claims 2 and 4-5 are incorporated.
- Claims 6-7, 14-15 and 22-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Overton (US 5,537,495), McCann (US 4,777,651; refer to as McCann herein) and Ohta (US 5,448,692) as applied to claims 1, 9 and 17 above, and further in view of Pearson et al. (US 4,528,693; refer to as Pearson herein).

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12. Regarding claim 6, Overton does not disclose the instructions on parameterizing and smoothing stored in pre-computed look-up table, indexed by the corresponding chain-code. However, this is known in the art taught by McCann, as statements presented above, with respect to claim 1 above are incorporated herein. The combination of Overton, McCann and Ohta does not disclose a differential stored and the differential representing a difference between the location of at least one pixel in the new segment and the location of that pixel in the corresponding unprocessed segment. Pearson discloses a method for scaling image data utilize this method (lines 1-15 of abstract and lines 5-18 of column 4 and Fig. 1-3). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to utilize the teaching of Pearson to provide the advantage of converting image to different size with minimum loss of information and with increased speed (lines 62-64 of column 1, Pearson). Also, both Overton and Pearson are directed to changing accuracy of subpixels.

- 13. Regarding claim 7, as statements presented above, with respect to claim 6 are incorporated.
- 14. Regarding claims 14-15, as statements presented above, with respect to claims 6-7 and 8 are incorporated.
- 15. Regarding claims 22-23, as statements presented above, with respect to claims 6-7 and 8 are incorporated.

Response to Arguments

16. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-2, 4-10, 12-18 and 20-24 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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The Applicant argues references do not disclose identifying boundary pixel, a group of pixels is traced, including the initial boundary pixel, that constitute a local boundary segment, and a chain code is constructed for that local boundary segment. The chain-code is indicative of the number and relative locations of the pixels of that segment. The segment is then parameterized and smoothed, resulting in a new local boundary segment by accessing instructions stored in a look-up table (LUT) using the constructed chain-code as an index to the LUT. However, this is known in the art taught by McCann (lines 34-39 of column 2, lines 11-51 of column 6, lines 8-21 of column 8, lines 3-8 of column 19 and lines 18-24 of column 20 and Tables I and II and Fig. 3-4 and 10-14; it is noted that each edge or boundary contour is being identified using chain-code with starting pixel and ending pixel. And each chain code indicates the number and relative locations of the pixels of that boundary contour (lines 18-24 of column 20). Also, chain-code is used as an index to the look-up table with operations instructions such as smoothing to determine a new value for the pixels, thus corresponds to new contour. While claim recites parameterizing segment, the term is broad enough to include the process where the contour being represented by window pixel data (lines 11-51 of column 6)).

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

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the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this

final action.

Inquiry

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Po-Wei (Dennis) Chen whose telephone number is (703) 305-

8365. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 8:30 AM to 7:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Matthew C Bella can be reached on (703) 308-6829. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

Po-Wei (Dennis) Chen

Examiner

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Po-Wei (Dennis) Chen February 13, 2004

Marchen Bella MATTHEW C. BELLA SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600